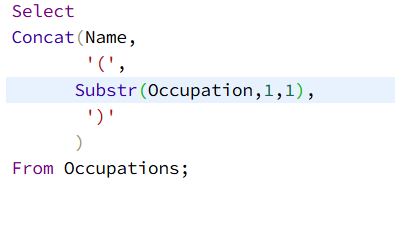
**LOWER, UPPER, CONCAT, TRIM**

**CANCAT**

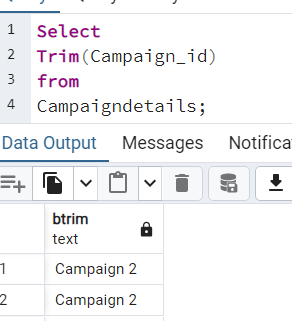
Concat is not in postgres sql, in **IBM Db2** concat takes only two argument to concat the string, but in mysql it takes any no of argument.

**SYNTAX:**

Select ConCat(st1,str2, column\_name1) From table\_name;



**TRIME:**

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**LPAD:( No in postgres sql)**

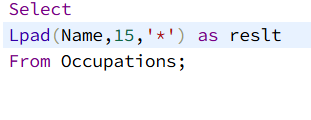
Helps to add some extra chars to existing strings

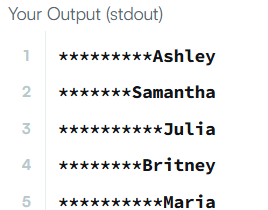
**SYNTAX:** Lpad(column\_name, no\_of\_time\_to\_add\_new\_chart, ‘new char’)

**Note:** no\_of\_time\_to\_add\_new\_char value should be greater than the current string length

Then only it able to add new char.

In below \* is printed 15 times at the left of the each string.

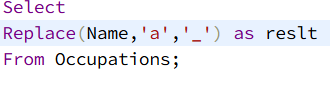




**RPAD –** Right pad

**REPLACE**

SYNTAX: Replace(column\_name, “old char”, “new char”)

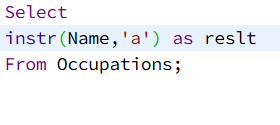


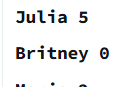


**INSTR (not in postgres sql)**

Helps to see the position of a specified char in a string. If the char is not fount it returns 0

**SYNTAX:** Instr(column\_name,’char’)

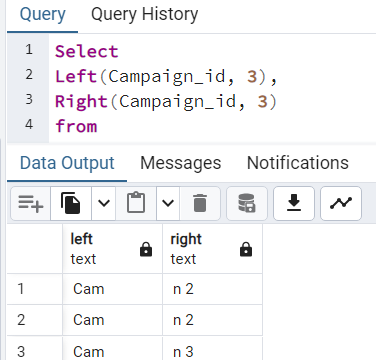




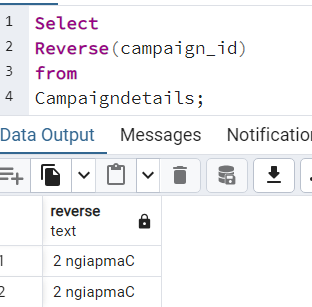
**RIGHT, LEFT**

Helps to extract chars from right and left position of the string

**Syntax:** Left(column\_name, no\_of\_char\_you\_want)



**REVERSE**

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